

## **Syllabus for Recruitment Examination of Post Graduate Teacher**

### **Subject : Political Science**

#### **Unit : - I Political Thought**

Kautilya, Plato, Aristotle, Marx, Shri Aurobindo, M.K. Gandhi, M.N Roy.

#### **Unit II:- Political Theory**

Meaning and scope of Political Science, relation with other social science. Approaches to the study of Political Science: Traditional (Philosophical historical, institutional, legal), modern (behavioural, post-behaviourism and Marxism). Key concept of state and political system: David Easton, G. Almond. Theories of origin of state: Historical, Evolutionary, Social-contract and Marxism. Key concepts; Right, Liberty, Equality, Law and Justice. Culture and political Socialization; Theory of democracy; the third world variants.

#### **Unit III:- Comparative Government and Politics**

Meaning, nature and scope of comparative government, methods of study Traditional and modern. Typology of government: parliamentary, presidential, federal and unitary government. Representation and election: methods of representation, electoral process, Ensuring of free and fair election.

#### **Unit IV :- Indian Government and politics**

Constitution development of India since 1858, Making of the constitution and Constituent Assembly. The Amendments, politics in India; nation building and its problems, politics of planned development. Ideological bases, the preamble and major objective of the constitution, Fundamental Rights and Duties, Directives Principles of State Policy and their changing contents. Federalism; centre-state relation, the emerging trends, legislature, executive judiciary in India. Political parties and pressure groups. Politics of defection and coalition. Electoral system in India : recent development in Indian politics, national integration, regionalism; communalism; casteism and Terrorism.

#### **Unit V:- Contemporary International Politics :-**

Cold war era in world politics : disintegration of former USSR and collapse Bipolarity. US dominance in world. Page 1. native centre of economic and political power. International organizations in unipolar world. Environment and natural resources. Globalization, economic, political and culture. manifestation, debates on the nature of consequences.

## **Unit VI:- Foreign Policy of India and international Relation**

Foreign policy: Meaning and its determinants, foreign policy and national interest, Basic principles of foreign policy, NAM. India's relation with major powers, United States, Russia, China and Pakistan India's nuclear policy in 21<sup>st</sup> century. India's role in UNO. India and SAARC. India and the Middle East. Policy towards Arab countries (Iran, Israel and Palestine)

## **Unit VII: - Local Self- Government with Special Reference to Arunachal Pradesh.**

Local self- government, meaning, nature and scope, difference between local self government and state government. Development of local self government in India, rural local self-government, urban local self-government. 73<sup>rd</sup> and 74<sup>th</sup> Constitution Amendments Act-1992, state control of local self government. Major traditional village councils of Arunachal Pradesh. Assam Frontier Administration of Justice Regulation 1945. Daying Ering committee report, 1964; North East Frontier Agencies (N.E.F.A ) Panchayat Raj Regulation 1964, Arunachal Pradesh Panchayati Raj Act. 1997. North East Council. Its role in Socio-economic development.